# **Emergency U/S: Minimum Imaging Guidelines**

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### Minimum Aorta Imaging Guidelines:

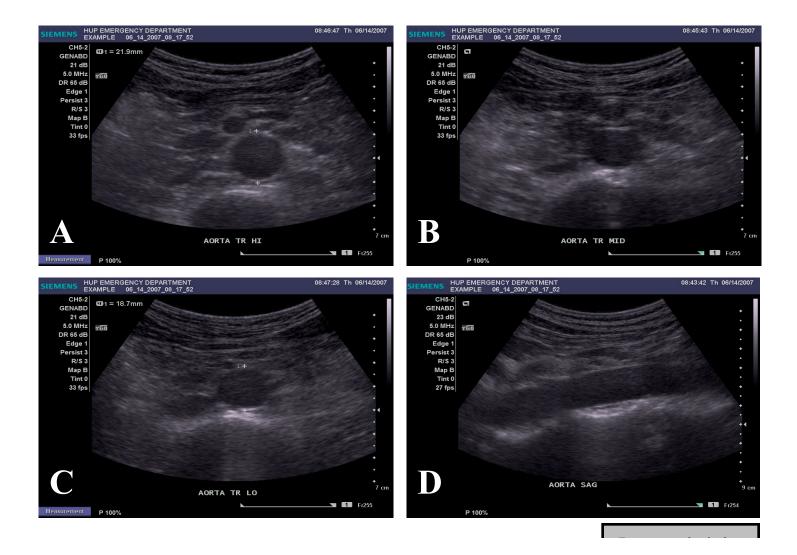
#### Images to obtain:

- 1. Aorta transverse HIGH with anterior to posterior (AP) caliper measurement (high in the mid-epigastrium).....Fig A
- 2. Aorta transverse MID.....Fig B
- Aorta transverse LOW with anterior to posterior (AP) caliper measurement (just above the bifurcation).....Fig C
  Normal aorta diameter is generally considered < 3cm</li>
- 4. Aorta in longitudinal (sagittal).....Fig D

#### How you might label the images:

- 1. AO TR HIGH
- 2. AO TR MID
- 3. AO TR LOW
- 4. AO LONG

Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the transverse and longitudinal aorta....though this is not necessary for billing/documentation.....(click here to link to normal aorta videos)



### Minimum Gallbladder Imaging Guidelines:

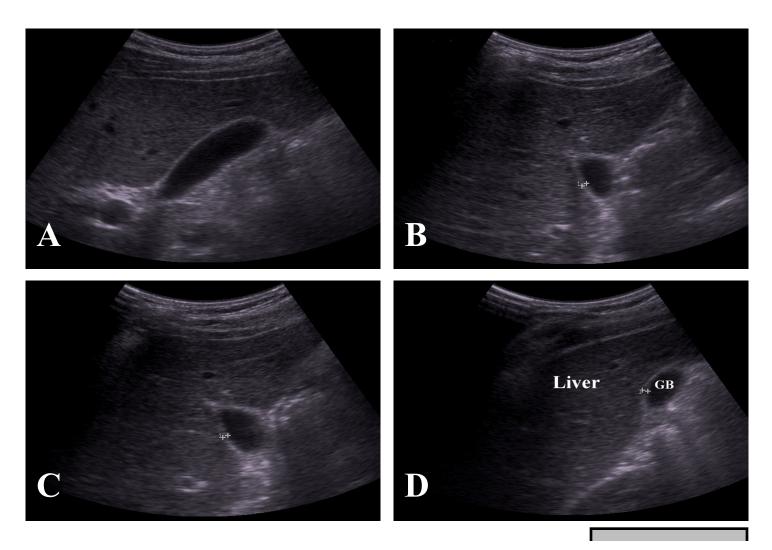
#### Images to obtain:

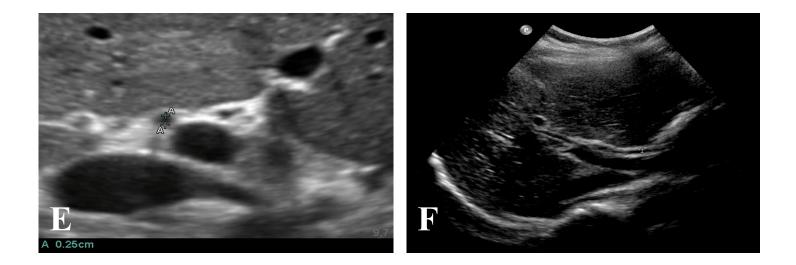
- 1. Gallbladder in longitudinal.....Fig A
- 2. Gallbladder transverse HI (near the neck) +/- calipers.....Fig B
  - Calipers should be on the liver side.....normal, though debatable, is generally considered < 4mm
  - Only one of the transverse views needs to have the GB wall measured
- 3. Gallbladder transverse MID (body) +/- calipers.....Fig C
- 4. Gallbladder transverse LOW (fundus) +/- calipers.....Fig D

#### How you might label the images:

- 1. GB LONG
- 2. GB TR (reasonable to use this same label for the high, mid, and low portions)

## Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the GB long and short views.....though this is not necessary for billing/ documentation.....(<u>click here</u> to link to normal biliary videos)





### Minimum Cardiac Imaging Guidelines:

The 4 views (+ IVC) of the cardiac study should be a series of VIDEOS rather than images.....the images below are simply to give you an idea of what to look for when performing cardiac imaging (for examples of cardiac videos, click here)

#### Videos to obtain:

- 1. Subxiphoid view.....Fig A
- Parasternal long axis view.....Fig B 2.
- 3. Parasternal short axis view.....Fig C
- Apical 4 chamber view.....Fig D 4.
- 5. IVC view in longitudinal.....Fig E

How you might label the videos: SX

1.

2.

3.

4.

5. IVC

**PSLA** 

PSSA

A4CH

\*\*At a minimum, try to obtain 3 of the 4 listed CARDIAC views











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### Minimum Lower Extremity DVT Imaging Guidelines:

#### Images to obtain (for each leg):

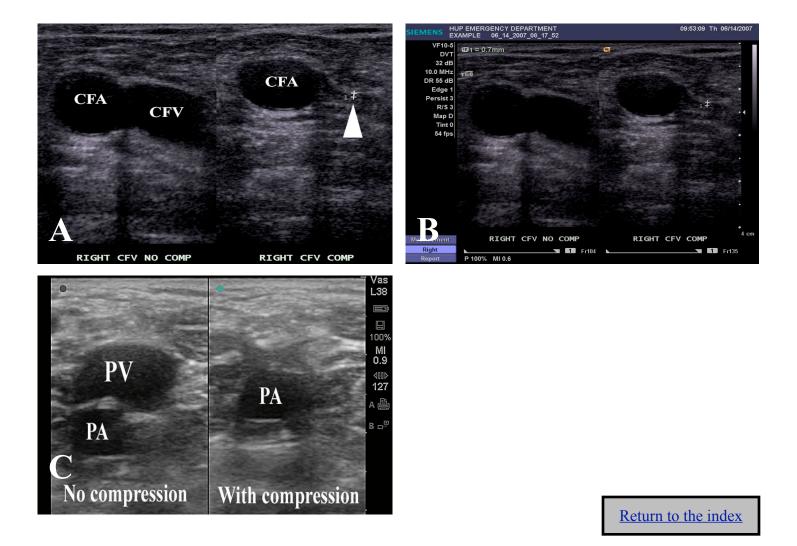
- 1. Dual screen of the Common Femoral Vein without/with compression (calipers over compressed vein).....Fig A
- 2. Dual screen of the Superficial Femoral Vein (mid-thigh) without/with compression (calipers over compressed vein).....Fig B
- 3. Dual screen of the Popliteal Vein without/with compression (calipers over compressed vein).....Fig C

\*\*Note....Figure B is the best example of the way the exam should be documented, with dual screen and calipers

#### How you might label the images:

- 1. CFV
- 2. SFV
- 3. PV

Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the upper thigh and popliteal fossa with dynamic compression.....though this is not necessary for billing/documentation.....(click here to link to normal venous compression videos)



### Minimum FAST Imaging Guidelines:

#### Images to obtain:

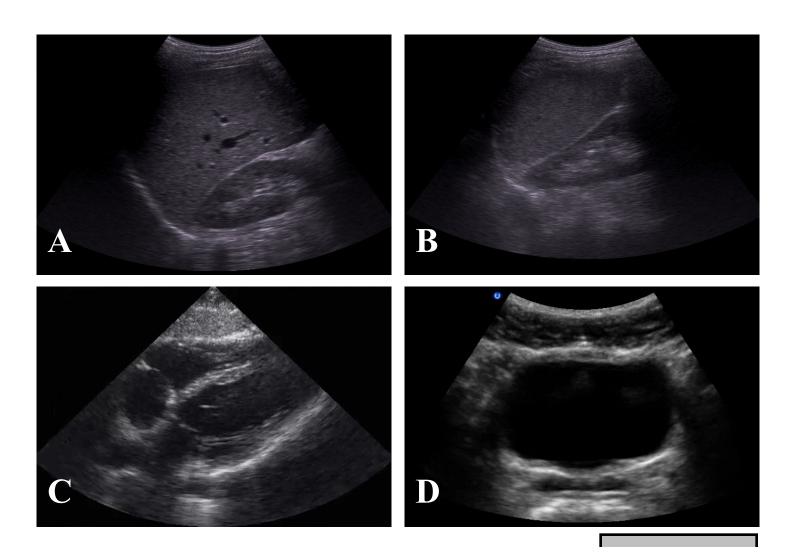
- 1. RUQ (one or more views to show pleural space, subphrenic space, Morison's, and inferior pole of the kidney).....Fig A
- 1. LUQ (one or more views to show pleural space, subphrenic space, splenorenal space, and inferior pole of the kidney; this may not be possible in the LUQ).....Fig B
- 2. Subxiphoid view (save video clip).....Fig C (Alternative if SX not available: Parasternal long axis....click her for example)
- 3. Suprapubic view in transverse.....Fig D

\*\*You should log the PTX portion of the study under "Thoracic", though do not bill separately for the PTX study

#### How you might label the images:

- 1. RUQ
- 2. LUQ
- 3. SX
- 4. SP (for suprapubic)

Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the 4 views (the cardiac view SHOULD have a video).....though this is not necessary for billing/documentation.....(<u>click here</u> to link to normal FAST videos)



### Minimum Renal Imaging Guidelines:

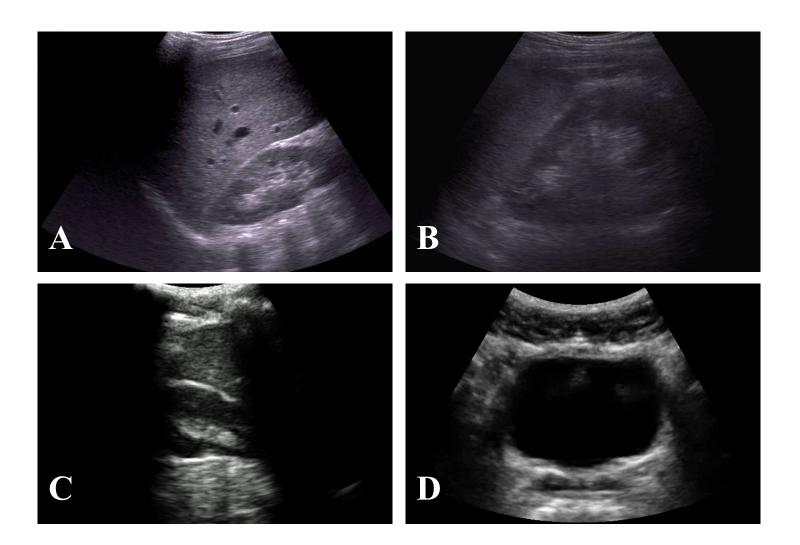
#### Images to obtain:

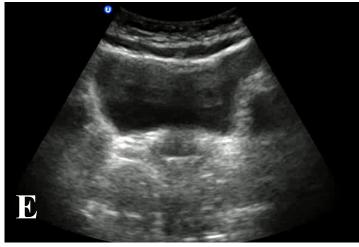
- 1. Right kidney in longitudinal.....Fig A
- 1. Left kidney in longitudinal.....Fig B

#### How you might label the images:

- 1. R/L K LONG
- 2. R/L K TR (reasonable to use this same label for the high, mid, and low portions)
- 3. BL TR
- 4. BL LONG

Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the kidneys and bladder.....though this is not necessary for billing/ documentation.....(<u>click here</u> to link to normal Renal videos)







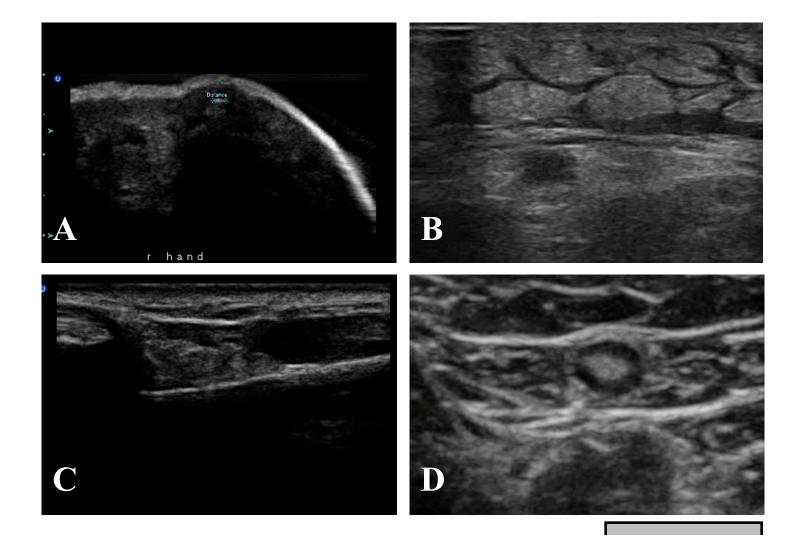


### Minimum Soft Tissue Imaging Guidelines:

#### Images to obtain:

 Any cellulitis or foreign body (Fig A) or cellulitis (Fig B) or fracture (Fig C) or other soft tissue finding like a lymph node (Fig D) should be obtained in 2 orthogonal planes (with consideration of caliper measurements as indicated).....which means 2 images at least.....

Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of any soft tissue pathology.....though this is not necessary for billing/ documentation.....(<u>click here</u> to link to normal soft tissue videos)



### Minimum Thoracic Imaging Guidelines:

#### Images to obtain:

- 1. Still image of affected lung.....Figs A-B (A coronal view of the lung, with the probe placed along the lateral thoracic wall, allows visualization of the diaphragm and is an additional recommended image.....Fig C)
- 2. M-mode if looking for pneumothorax.....Fig D

*Note: My preference is that you also obtain video clips of the lung exam(s).....though this is not necessary for billing/ documentation.....(<u>click here</u> to link to normal thoracic videos)* 

